

Version: 2 Issue Date: 6-26-2015 Revision Date: 8-4-2022

ASI 335 White

American Sealants, Inc. 9190 Yeager Ln Fort Wayne, Indiana 46809 Phone: 260-489-0728	Emergency Phone Number Infotrac: +1-800-535-5053 (Within US) Infotrac: +1-352-323-3500 (Outside US)
Fax: 260-489-0519 Product Identifier: Recommended Use: Restrictions on Use:	ASI 335 White RTV rubbers (for electrical, electronic and general industry (gluing and sealing)) Industrial use only.

Physical Hazards	Not classified	
Health Hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Reproductive toxicity (fertility)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (hematopoietic system)
Environmental Hazards	Not classified	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified	
* Hazards not stated here	are "Not classified", "Not applicable" or "Cla	assification not possible"
Signal Word	Warning	
Signal Word Hazard Statement	Warning Causes serious eye irritation. May ca Suspected of damaging fertility. May (Cardiovascular/Hematological: hemato repeated exposure.	/ cause damage to organs
Signal Word Hazard Statement Precautionary Statement	Causes serious eye irritation. May ca Suspected of damaging fertility. May	/ cause damage to organs

Response	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known
Supplemental information	None
Substance(s) formed under the condition of use	This product reacts with water, moisture or humid air to evolve following compounds: Methylethylketoxime The following material is embedded in the product and not available as respirable dust. When used as intended or as supplied, the product will not pose hazards. Titanium oxide
HMIS [®] ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients			
<u>CAS</u>	Component	Percent	
Proprietary	Methyloximesilane	1 - < 3	
Proprietary	Vinyloximesilane	< 1	
13463-67-7	Titanium oxide	< 1	
Proprietary	Alkoxysilane	< 1	
96-29-7	Methylethylketoxime (Impurity)	< 1	
556-67-2	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (Impurity)	< 1	

Section 4: First-Aid Measures		
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist	
Skin Contact	Wash off with soap and plenty of water. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.	
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention immediately.	

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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Dermatitis. Rash. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Treat Symptomatically
General	If exposed or concerned:
Information	Get medical advice/attention.
	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures	
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical powder, foam, or water fog
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	None known.
Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical	By heating and fire, harmful vapors/gases may be formed. Nitrogen oxides. (corrosive)
Specific protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet, gloves, rubber boots, and self-contained breathing apparatus.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions General fire hazards	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures		
Personal Precautions, Protective	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be	
Equipment and Emergency Procedures:	advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Do not touch or walk-through spilled material. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.	
Methods and Materials for	Eliminate sources of ignition.	
Containment and Cleaning Up:	Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.	
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.	
Environment Precautions:	Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.	

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling	Provide adequate ventilation. Use care in handling/storage. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin.
Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities:	Store locked up. Keep in original container and tightly closed. Keep out of the reach of children. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Keep in original container.

Section 8: Exposure Con	trols/Personal Prote	ection	
Occupational Exposure Lin	nits		
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits	for Air Containments	(29 CFR 1910.1000)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7) US. ACGIH Threshold Limit	PEL Values	15 mg/m3	Total dust
Components	Туре	Value	
Titanium oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
US. Workplace Environme		•	
Components	Туре	Value	
Methylethylketoxime (Impurity) (CAS 96-29-7) Vendor Guide	TWA	36 mg/m3 10 ppm	Total dust
Components	Туре	Value	
Methylethylketoxime (Impurity) (CAS 96-29-7) Biological limit values	STEL TWA No biological exposi	10 ppm 3 ppm ure limits noted for the ingre	edient(s)
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Provide eyewash station. Pay attention to ventilation such as local exhaust, mechanical and/or door open for at least 24 hours after application.		
Individual protection meas	•	• • •	_
Eye/face protection	lightly sealed safety	glasses according to EN 16	5
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear protective glo	ves	
Other	Wear suitable prote	ctive clothing	
Respiratory protection Thermal Hazards	If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.		
General hygiene considerations	smoke. Keep away f immediately after h	rom food and drink. Wash h andling the product. Contan	n. When using, do not eat, drink or ands before breaks and ninated work clothing should not be ance with good industrial hygiene

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

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Appearance	Paste	Color:	White
Odor:	Oxime odor	Odor Threshold:	Not available
pH:	Not applicable	Melting Point/freezing point:	Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not applicable	Flash point:	204.8 °F (96 °C) Closed cup
Evaporation Rate:	< 1 (Butyl Acetate=1)	Flammability (soild, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data	Vapor Pressure:	Negligible (25 °C)
Vapor Density (air = 1):	> 1 (air=1)	Density:	1.03 (25 °C)
Water Solubility	Not soluble	Partition Coefficient (n- octanol/water)	Not applicable
Auto Ignition:	Not available	Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity:	Not applicable	Molecular Formula:	Not applicable

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity					
Reactivity:	No hazardous reaction known under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.				
Chemical Stability:	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.				
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.				
Conditions to Avoid:	None known.				
Incompatible Materials:	Strong oxidizing materials, water, moisture				
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	This product reacts with water, moisture or humid air to evolve following compounds: Methylethylketoxime. Refer to section 8: exposure controls/personal protection and section 11: toxicological information. Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat condition may evolve the following hazardous decomposition product: Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds. Silicon dioxide, Nitrogen oxides, and Formaldehyde.				

Section 11: Toxicological Information					
Information on Likely Route	Information on Likely Routes of Exposure				
Ingestion:	No significant effects are expected.				
Inhalation:	No significant effects are expected.				
Skin Contact:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Eye Contact:	Causes serious eye irritation.				

toxicological effects	reactio	-	and blurred v	vision. May cause an	ide stinging, allergic skin	
Component		Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
		LD50 Oral	Rat	2995 mg/kg 2400 mg/kg	N/A	
Alkoxysilane		LC50 Inhalation	Rat	1.49-2.44 mg/L	4 hr	
		LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg 16 ml/kg	N/A	
Methylethylketoxim	e	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	N/A	
(Impurity)		LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	200 µl/kg	N/A	
irritation nage/eye irritation	SKIN-RAE	3BIT : 500mg/24 r N	IILD [Octame	ethylcyclotetrasiloxa	ne]	
	Positive	(Guinea pig) [Alkoxy	/silane]			
	No evide	nce of sensitization	[Octamethy	lcyclotetrasiloxane]		
skin sensitization						
y sensitization	Not available					
Skin sensitization		May cause an allergic skin reaction. [Methyloximesilane][Vinyloximesilane][Methylethylketoxime]				
Germ Cell mutagenicity Neg		Negative(Ames test, Chromosome analysis, Micronucleus test) [Alkoxysilane]				
Carcinogenicity:		Negative(Bacteria) [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane] Suspected of causing cancer. [Methylethylketoxime] The following material is embedded in the product and not available as respirable dusts. When used as intended or as supplied, the product will not pose hazards. Titanium oxide				
Ionographs, Overall I						
m oxide (CAS 13463-	67-7)	Grou	up 2B (possib	ly carcinogenic to hu	mans)	
Specifically Regulated	l Substanc	es (29 CFR 1910.100	01-1050)			
ted						
		Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane administered to rats by whole body inhalation at concentrations of 500 and 700 ppm for 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation resulted in decreases in live litter size. Additionally, increases in the incidence of deliveries of offspring extending over an unusually long time period (dystocia) were observed at these concentrations. Statistically significant alterations in these parameters were not observed in the lower concentrations evaluated (300 and 70 ppm). In a previous range-finding study, rats exposed to vapor concentrations of 700 ppm had decreases in the				
	Component Alkoxysilane Methylethylketoxim (Impurity) irritation mage/eye irritation skin sensitization tization sensitization tization agenicity : Monographs, Overall I m oxide (CAS 13463-0 Specifically Regulated ted	Component Alkoxysilane Methylethylketoxime (Impurity) irritation SKIN-RAE SKIN-RAE SKIN-RAE SKIN-RAE District (Methyle Positive (No evide Skin sensitization ry sensitization Not avail (Methyle Positive (No evide Skin sensitization ry sensitization May cause (Methyle Positive (No evide Supericity rgenicity Negative (Alkoxysi Negative Suspecte The follow dusts. Wh Titanium (Methyle Positive (No evide Suspecte The follow dusts. Wh Titanium (Methyle Positive (No evide Suspecte The follow dust. Wh Titanium (Methyle Suspecte The follow dust. Wh Titanium (Methyle Suspecte	ComponentResultAlkoxysilaneLD50 OralMethylethylketoximeLD50 Dermal(Impurity)LD50 OralirritationSKIN-RABBIT : Moderately in SKIN-RABBIT : 500mg/24 r M Causes serious eye damage. [Methylethylketoxime][Met Positive (Guinea pig) [Alkoxy No evidence of sensitizationry sensitizationNot availablery sensitizationMay cause an allergic skin re [Methyloximesilane][Vinylox Positive (Guinea Pig) [Alkoxy No evidence of sensitizationry sensitizationNot availablery sensitizationMay cause an allergic skin re [Methyloximesilane][Vinylox Positive (Guinea Pig) [Alkoxy No evidence of sensitizationry sensitizationNot availablery sensitizationMay cause an allergic skin re [Methyloximesilane][Vinylox Positive (Guinea Pig) [Alkoxy No evidence of sensitizationry sensitizationNot availablerizationMay cause an allergic skin re [Methyloximesilane][Vinylox Positive (Guinea Pig) [Alkoxy No evidence of sensitization Negative(Bacteria) [Octame' Suspected of causing cancer The following material is ember dusts. When used as intended or Titanium oxideRonographs, Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity m oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)Grou Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 tedted oxicityOctamethylcyclotetrasiloxar inhalation at concentrations mating, through mating, ges live litter size. Additionally, i offspring extending over an observed at these concentration senset at these concentration sense evaluated (300 and 70 ppm) exposed to vapor concentration site	ComponentResultSpeciesAlkoxysilaneLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRabbitMethylethylketoximeLD50 DermalRabbit(Impurity)LD50 DoralRatIrritationSKIN-RABBIT : Moderately irritating [Alko SKIN-RABBIT : 500mg/24 r MILD [Octame mage/eye irritationSKIN-RABBIT : S00mg/24 r MILD [Octame Gauses serious eye damage. [Vinyloximesi [Methylethylketoxime][Methyloximesilar Positive (Guinea pig) [Alkoxysilane] No evidence of sensitization [Octamethyl skin sensitizationv sensitizationMot available No evidence of sensitization [Octamethyl Positive (Guinea Pig) [Alkoxysilane] No evidence of sensitization [Octamethyl Negative(Ames test, Chromosome analys [Alkoxysilane] Negative(Bacteria) [Octamethylcyclotetra : Suspected of causing cancer. [Methyleth The following material is embedded in the pri dusts. When used as intended or as supplied, Titanium oxideMonographs, Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity m oxide (CAS 13463-67-7)Group 2B (possibSpecifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) tedOctamethylcyclotetrasiloxane administer inhalation at concentrations of 500 and 7 mating, through mating, gestation and la live litter size. Additionally, increases in t offspring extending over an unusually lor observed at these concentrations. Statist these parameters were not observed in t evaluated (300 and 70 ppm). In a previou exposed to vapor concentrations of 700 p number of implantation sites and live litter	Component Result Species Dose Alkoxysilane LD50 Oral Rat 2995 mg/kg 2400 mg/kg Alkoxysilane LC50 Inhalation Rat 1.49-2.44 mg/L D50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg Methylethylketoxime LD50 Oral Rat 930 mg/kg (Impurity) LD50 Dermal Rabbit 200 µl/kg irritation SKIN-RABBIT : Moderately irritating [Alkoxysilane] SKIN-RABBIT : SO0mg/24 r MILD [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxan mage/eye irritation SKIN-RABBIT : SO0mg/24 r MILD [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxan] SKIN-RABBIT : SO0mg/24 r MILD [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane] mage/eye irritation Skin sensitization [Methylektoxime][Methylethylketoxime] Nethylethylketoxime][Methyloximesilane] y sensitization Not available No evidence of sensitization [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane] stin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction. [Methylethylketoxime] y sensitization Not available No evidence of sensitization [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane] suspected of causing cancer. [Methylethylketoxime] Negative(Bacteria) [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane] suspected of causing cancer. [Methylethylketoxime] <t< td=""></t<>	

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	Developmental toxicity: NOAEL 500mg/kg/day (Rat), Maternal toxicity: NOAEL 500mg/kg/day (Rat) [Alkoxysilane]
Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure	Not available
Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure:	May cause damage to the following organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:
•••••	Hematopoietic system.[Vinyloximesilane]
	Hematopoietic system.[Methyloximesilane]
	Repeated inhalation or oral exposure of mice and rats to octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane produced an increase in liver size. No gross histopathological or significant clinical chemistry effects were observed. An increase in liver metabolizing enzymes, as well as a transient increase in the number of normal cells (hyperplasia) followed by an increase in cell size (hypertrophy) were determined to be the underlying causes of the liver enlargement. The biochemical mechanisms producing these effects are highly sensitive in rodents, while similar mechanisms in humans are insensitive. A two year combined chronic and carcinogenicity assay was conducted on octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane. Rats were exposed by whole- body vapor inhalation 6hrs/day, 5days/week for up to 104weeks to 0, 10, 30, 150 or 700ppm of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane. The increase in incidence of (uterine) endometrial cell hyperplasia and uterine adenomas (benign tumors) were observed in female rats at 700ppm. Since these effects only occurred at 700ppm, a level that greatly exceeds typical workplace or consumer exposure, it is unlikely that industrial, commercial or consumer uses of products containing octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane would result in a significant risk to humans.
	[Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane]
Aspiration Hazard	Not available
Chronic effects	Not available
Further Information:	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (MEKO). Material will generate MEKO on exposure to humid air gradually. Male rodents exposed to MEKO vapor at high concentration throughout their lifetime developed liver cancer. But relevance to humans is uncertain now. Please read the detail information to MEKO below: Skin Irritation Causes mild irritation. Can be absorbed through the
	skin.
	Eyes Irritation Causes severe irritation
	Acute Oral Tox. LD50(rat)=>900 mg/kg Acute Dermal Tox. LD50(rabbit)=>1000 mg/kg
	Acute Derma Tox. $LDSO(rabbit) =>1000 mg/kg$ Acute Inhalation Tox. $LDSO(rat)>4.83 mg/l/4 hr$
	Inhalation Tox. Shows narcotic action at high concentration. May
	produce blood effects
	Skin Sensitization Positive (guinea pig)
	Neurotoxicity High dose can produce transient and reversible change
	in neurobehavioral function.
	Carcinogenicity Liver carcinomas were observed in a lifetime
	inhalation study (ca.2 years) in which mice and rats were exposed. Other Chronic Study Degenerative effects on the olfactory epithelium of nasal passages occurred in a concentration related manner in males and females of mice and rats at MEKO concentration of 15,75, and 375

ppm. The significant change in hematological parameters were observed at 404 ppm concentration. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level Vendor Guide 3ppm (TWA), 10ppm (STEL), AIHA WEEL, 10ppm (TWA)

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. [Alkoxysilane] May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane]

Component Analysis – Aquatic Toxicity

CAS	Component	Aquatic	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Proprietary	Alkoxysilane	Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	>100 mg/L	96 hr
			LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	>100 mg/L	96 hr
			LC50	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	>100 mg/L	96 hr
		Algae	EbC50	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	5.5 mg/L	72 hr
			ErC50	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	8.8 mg/L	72 hr
96-29-7	Methylethylketoxime (Impurity)	Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	777-914 mg/L	96 hr
		Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	>1000 mg/L	48 hr
13463-67-7	Titanium oxide	Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	>1000 mg/L	96 hr
Persistence a	and Degradability:	Causes	easily hyc	Irolysis in water or at	mosphere. [Alkox	ysilane]
Bioaccumulative Potential:Bio concentration Factor(BCF) / (Fathead minnows) : 12400[Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane]				400		

Mobility in soil

Bio concentration Factor(BCF) / (Fathead minnows) : 12400 [Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane] Not available Not available

Other adverse effects

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions

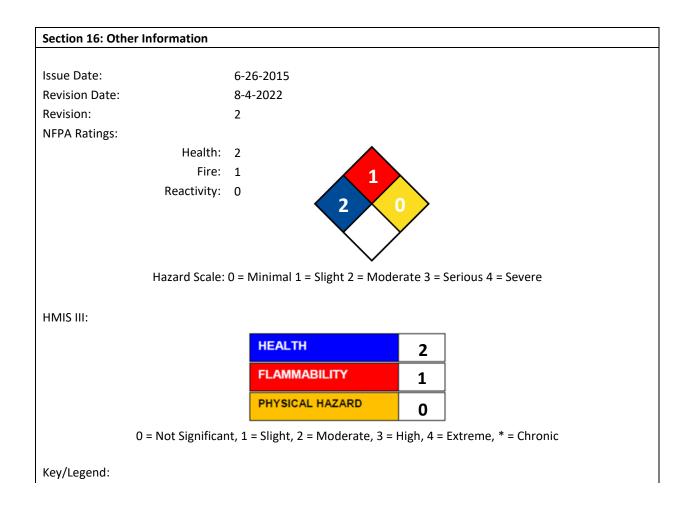
Follow applicable Federal, State and Local regulations

Section 14: Transport Information	
DOT	
Not regulated as dangerous goods	
ΙΑΤΑ	
Not regulated as dangerous goods	
IMDG	
Not regulated as dangerous goods	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code	This product is not intended to be transported in bulk

Section 15: Regulatory Info	ormation	
US Federal Regulations	emical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard FR 1910.1200. EPA TSCA Inventory List	
OSHA Specifically Regu Not listed	lated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	-
Superfund Amendments and Re SARA 313 (TRI reporting)	authorization Act of 1986 (SARA)	
US State regulations		
US. Massachusetts RTK –	Substance List	
Titanium oxide (CAS	13463-67-7)	
US. New Jersey Worker a	nd Community Right-to-Know Act	
Titanium oxide (CAS	13463-67-7)	
US. Pennsylvania Worker	and Community Right-to-Know Law	
Titanium oxide (CAS	13463-67-7)	
US. Rhode Island RTK		
Not regulated		
US. California Proposition	n 65	
The following materi	al is embedded in the product and not available	as respirable dusts. When used as intended
or as supplied, the p	roduct will not pose hazards.	
Titanium oxide		
•	osition 65 – CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic subst	
	de (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: Septer	nber 2, 2011
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory if Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No

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China	Inventory if Existing Chemical	Yes			
	Substances in China (IECSC)				
Europe	European Inventory of Existing	Yes			
	Commercial Chemical Substances				
	(EEINECS)				
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical	No			
	Substances (ELINCS)				
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New	Yes			
	Chemical Substance (ENCS)				
Korea	Existing Chemical List (ECL)	Yes			
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes			
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals	Yes			
	and Chemical Substances (PICCS)				
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)	Yes			
	Inventory				
* A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by					
the governing country(s)					
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the					
inventory administered by the governing country(s).					



AICS (Australia); DSL (Canada); IECSC (China); REACH (European Union); ENCS (Japan); ISHL (Japan); KECI (Korea); NZIOC (New Zealand); PICCS (Philippines); TCSI (Taiwan); TSCA (USA); ACGIH – USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV); NIOSH REL – USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits; OSHA P0 – USA. OSHA – TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants – 1910.1000; OSHA Z-1 – USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) – Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminates; OSHA Z-3 – USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) – Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts; ACGIH / TWA – 8-hour, time-weighted average; NIOSH REL / TWA – Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek; NIOSH REL / ST – STEL – 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday; OSHA P0 / TWA - 8-hour, time-weighted average; OSHA Z-1 / TWA - 8-hour, time-weighted average; OSHA Z-3 / T

Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate which has been obtained from other companies and organizations.

End of Document