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ASI 502 White (CANADIAN ENGLISH)

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

American Sealants, Inc. Emergency Phone Number

9190 Yeager Ln Infotrac: +1-800-535-5053 (Within US)

Fort Wayne, Indiana 46809 Infotrac: +1-352-323-3500 (Outside US)

Phone: 260-489-0728 Fax: 260-489-0519

Product Identifier: ASI 502 White (CANADIAN ENGLISH)

Recommended Use: Adhesive, binding agents

Restrictions on Use: None known

Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

Hazard Classification

This product is not hazardous under the criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR) as implemented under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS 2015).

Other hazards

No data available

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Nature: Silicone elastomer

Component CASRN Concentration (w/w)

Diiodomethyl-p-tolysulfone 20018-09-1 <=0.0108%

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

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Inhalation: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be

available in work area.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the

initial 1-2 miutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur,

consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicological Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific

antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the

clinical condition of the patient.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry

chemical.
None known.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media:

Special Hazards Arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion Carbon oxides. Silicon oxides.

products:

Unusual Fire and Explosion

Hazards:

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire

area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Use personal protective equipment.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or

national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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Environment Precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further

leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of

contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if

significant spillages cannot be contained.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and

safety practice.

Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Conditions for Safe Storage, including

any Incompatibilities:

Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the

particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents.

Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

Component	Type of Listing	Value
Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone	TWA (inhalable fraction)	0.1 mg/m3
	STEL (inhalable fraction)	1 mg/m3

Although some of the components of this product may have exposure guidelines, no exposure would be expected under normal handling conditions due to the physical state of the material.

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne

levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some

operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face Use safety glasses (with side shields).

protection: Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized.

Other protection: No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed.

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Respiratory Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit

requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated

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by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if handling at elevated temperatures without

sufficient ventilation, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor

cartridge.

Acetic acid

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Odor:

Auto Ignition:

Appearance Paste Color: In accordance with the

product description

Odor Threshold:

No data applicable

pH: Not applicable Melting Point/freezing No data available

point:

Boiling Point (760 mmHg) Not applicable **Flash point:** Not applicable

Evaporation Rate: Not applicable Flammability (soild, gas) Not classified as a (Butyl Acetate=1) flammability hazard

Upper/lower flammability No data available Vapor Pressure: Not applicable

or explosive limits

Vapor Density (air = 1): No data available Density: 1.007

Water Solubility No data available Partition Coefficient (n-

octanol/water)

No data available Decomposition

Decomposition No data available

temperature

Dynamic viscosity Not applicable **Kinematic viscosity** Not applicable

Explosive properties Not explosive Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture

is not classified as

No data available

oxidizing

Molecular weight No data available Particle size No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents. When heated to temperatures

above 150 °C (300 °F) in the presence of air, trace quantities of formaldehyde may be released. Adequate ventilation is required.

Conditions to Avoid: None known.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Formaldehyde

Section 11: Toxicological Information

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Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Information on likely routes of

Eye contact, skin contact, ingestion

exposure

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects – no chronic/delayed effects known

unless otherwise noted)

Acute oral toxicity Very low if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing

small amounts.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, >5,000 mg/kg Estimated

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

LD50, Rat, >5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful

amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, >5,000 mg/kg Estimated

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

LD50, Rabbit, >20,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicityNo adverse effects are anticipated from inhalation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

LC50, Rat, 4 h, dust/mist, 0.96 mg/L

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on information for component(s):

Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on information for component(s):

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may

occur.

Sensitization For skin sensitization:

For the component(s) tested:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans. Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

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For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant information found.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

Has demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

Specific target organ toxicity-single

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant

exposure

toxicant.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE

toxicant.

Aspiration Hazard Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects -

no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -

Repeated Exposure:

Contains a component(s) that is/are not expected to be bioavailable due

to the physical state of the material under normal handling and

processing conditions.

Information for components: Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after

ingestion:

Gastrointestinal tract

Salivary glands Thyroid

Liver

Carcinogenicity Based on information for component(s): Did not cause cancer in long-

term animal studies which used routes of exposure considered relevant to industrial handling. Positive results have been reported in other studies using routes of exposure not relevant to industrial handling. Contains an additional component(s) that is not expected to be bioavailable due to the physical state of the material under normal handling and processing

conditions.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

Animal testing and human experience demonstrate no significant risk of

human cancer from exposure to relatively pure amorphous silica.

Teratogenicity Contains component(s) which did not cause birth defects or any other

fetal effects in lab animals.

Information for components: Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. These effects have been shown to be associated with iodine toxicity; similar effects are unlikely in humans. Iodine levels due to use of this product are expected to be much lower than the maximum tolerable

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upper intake limits in humans for iodine as recommended by the World

Health Organization. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Contains component(s) which did not interfere with reproduction in

Contains component(s) which did not interfere with reproduction in

animal studies.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. These effects have been shown to be associated with iodine toxicity; similar effects are unlikely in humans. Iodine levels due to use of this product are expected to be much lower than the maximum tolerable upper intake limits in humans for iodine as recommended by the World Health

Organization.

Mutagenicity Contains component(s) which were negative in some in vitro genetic

toxicity studies and positive in others. Contains component(s) which were

negative in animal genetic toxicity studies.

Information for components: <u>Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone</u>

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity

studies were negative.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Reproductive toxicity

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone

Acute toxicity to fish Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50

between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 0.067

mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), static test, 96 Hour, 0.35 - 0.75

mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic

invertebrates

LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 0.071 - 8 mg/l, OECD

Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, 0.279 mg/l,

OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria

IC50, activated sludge, > 9 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

Toxicity to Above Ground

Organisms

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000

mg/kg).

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 > 5000 ppm).

dietary LC50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), > 5,620 ppm dietary LC50, Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck), > 5,620 ppm oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), > 2,510 mg/kg

Persistence and Degradability:

Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone

Biodegradability

Inherent biodegradable test(s) with radiolabeled material shows complete

primary biodegradation of the parent compound. This was coupled with limited mineralization (<20%) to radiolabeled CO2 in the 28 day test. These

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results indicate that the material is susceptible to complete degradation consistent with inherent, primary biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail

Biodegradation (%)	Exposur Time	Method
0%	28 Days	OECD Test Guideline 301F or
		Equivalent 10-day Window: Fail
10.8-13.8%	28 days	OECD Test Guideline 301B or
		Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen

0.

0.76 mg/mg Calculated

Demand

Stability in Water (1/2

Hydrolysis, half-life, 2.7 d, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 25 °C

Life)

Hydrolysis, half-life, 3.4 d, pH 9, Half-life Temperature 25 °C

Bioaccumulative Potential:

Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone

Bioaccumulation Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition Coefficient:

2.66 Measured

n-octanol/water (log

Pow) Mobility in soil

Diiodomethyl-p-tolylsulfone

Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500).

Partition Coefficient

200 Estimated

(Koc)

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO

ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations.

Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste

characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section10 Regulatory Information,

MSDS Section 15

Treatment and disposal methods of used

packaging:

Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

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Section 14: Transport Information

TDG

Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport

Transport in bulk according to Annex Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

Section 16: Other Information

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Key/Legend:

TWA – Time Weighted Average STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit

Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate which has been obtained from other companies and organizations.

End of Document

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